

THE WEATHER

Mass and vicinity—Clear, clearing to tonight; Friday, fair, with light clouds; Sunday, north to northwest wind; Sat. fair, weather.
Barometer (11 A. M.) 30.1.
Temperature (11 A. M.) 51.
Wind (11 A. M.) S. by E.
Maximum, 52 at 8 P. M.; minimum, 30 at 11 A. M.; average, 34.
Forecast for 11 A. M. to 10 P. M.:
Light air, variable at 35 P. M.

VOL. 16—No. 285

BOSTON AMERICAN

LARGEST EVENING CIRCULATION

IN NEW ENGLAND

BOSTON, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1920

Published by
E. E. Farnham

FINAL EDITION EXTRA

New England's Greatest Home Newspaper

PRICE TWO CENTS



IRISH AND BRITISH IN 3-HOUR FIGHT

WHIPPED AND ENJOINED: THEY WERE QUITE SUCCESSFUL

BAY STATE WILL TAKE 12,000

Federal Government Agrees to Give Massachusetts Strong National Guard

The National Guard of Massachusetts will number 12,000 instead of 4,000, as at first ordered.

The Federal government has yielded to the requests of the Massachusetts militia men who want the Bay State to have the strongest National Guard in New England.

The National Guard of Massachusetts will number the 25th Division, it was reported today. Colonel Edward L. Logan again will be in charge of the 10th Infantry and the formation of the old 24th Division will be kept in the new organization.

By this arrangement everything will be done to promote the interests of the militia in this State and to carry on the traditions of the fighting Yankee Division.

There will be two regiments of infantry, two of field artillery, a squadron of cavalry, companies of coast artillery, ambulance corps, engineer and other units which will go to make up a regular active division of the National Guard in New England.

WATER TOWN LIGHTING SYSTEM KNOCKED OUT

Water town faces near-lighted nights as a result of an unexpected blowout of all the arc lamps in the town early today. Wires fell, a number of poles caught fire and smoke, and for hours, in some cases the poles became charged with electricity. The smaller lights on the side streets were not affected.

DECLARE MARTIAL LAW IN THE SAAR DISTRICT

London, Feb. 18.—Martial law has been declared in the Saar district of Germany as a result of new disturbances that have broken out, said an Associated Press dispatch from Amsterdam today.

Vail's Lunch

We Invite You to Visit Our New Lunch Room at 603 Washington St.

Opposite Harvard Place
OUR MOTTO IS:
Good, Pure Food Low Prices
Perfect Service

All Noon-Day Specials Home-Made Pastry
Best Cup of Coffee in Boston
All Cooking Done on Premises

We Also Operate Lunch Rooms at:
123 WASHINGTON ST.
104 DOVER ST.
102 COURT ST.

TRY US ONCE AND YOU WILL COME AGAIN

Died, as He Wished, Year After Wife

Shrewsbury, Feb. 18.—"Mike" Keegan, eighty-three, was placed beside "Katie" Keegan today. The man, who died according to his wish on the anniversary of his wife's death, was buried next her just one year after the day when the grave was first opened.

Michael Keegan came to this country from Queens County, Ireland, nearly seventy years ago. His life was that of a mill worker until six years ago when he was able to buy a little farm. All was content until the wife, who had shared every labor with him, went to her death on February 17, 1919.

COLD SNAP WILL CHASE STORM

Forecast Says Snow Will Not Last Long Enough to Cause Trouble

A quick drop of at least fifteen degrees will end the snowstorm locally, according to the weather forecast, before anything serious happens. Although the snow was wet and melted quickly, it hampered traffic in all directions. The cars of the elevated ran on snow-free tracks, but there were no hold-ups of long duration. The plows were called into service early and the snow was not permitted to accumulate.

The railroads were not hit particularly, though in the outlying sections the trains were held up for some time. Practically all trains left the North and South stations on time, but the incoming trains were slow.

The narrow gauge trains and ferries left their regular runs. Public houses in Medford were closed today and will not be reopened until March 1.

A good part of Boston's food supply was being held up by traffic conditions in the city. The streets of the market district, where auto trucks and freight cars, trucks and delivery vans, were jammed, were standing up to traffic.

500 MILLION BATTLE AT TOWNSHIP TRALEE, U. S. ST. IRELAND

Senator Warren Declares Enforcement of Law Will Cost Vast Sum Annually

By International News Service. Washington, Feb. 19.—It is conservatively estimated that it may cost the government as much as \$50,000,000 a year to enforce national prohibition. Senator Warren, chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee, declared in the Senate this afternoon.

WORCESTER'S BUFFALO HERD IN STAMPEDE

Worcester, Feb. 19.—About a thousand buffalo, comprising a herd at the Lake Park, stampeded today. The herd, owned by the Worcester Buffalo Club, was in the park when the stampede occurred. The herd was driven off the park and into the surrounding woods. The stampede was caused by a fire in the park.

Gung Hee Far Toy Gets Shirtee Minus Checkee

Gung Hee Far! The same to you and many o' them!

Gung Hee Far Toy is Chinese and it is Chinese New Year. "I wish you a happy New Year" is the Chinese New Year. The Chinese New Year is celebrated in the Chinese district of Boston. The Chinese New Year is celebrated in the Chinese district of Boston.

WOMAN DRINKS POISON

Said to Have Been Jealous of Attention Paid Others by Escort at Dance

Mr. Tom Franklin, a widow, drank about three ounces of a disinfectant in an attempt to commit suicide at her home, No. 843 Columbus avenue, Thursday, according to Dr. W. E. McMahon, No. 1470 Tremont street, the physician who administered first aid treatment. Her name is on the danger list at the city hospital.

Governor Coolidge to Present Lincoln Essay Awards

Governor Coolidge will present the Lincoln essay awards of the Boston American. He will hand Miss Dorothy C. O'Keefe of No. 45 Beacon Hill a check for \$500 as her reward for writing the best essay on the career of the great Lincoln.

One hundred other school children will receive from the hands of the Governor silver medals in recognition of having written superior essays in that competition in which seven thousand children entered.

The presentation exercises will take place at the State House on Saturday, February 23. The details of the ceremony will be announced in the American as soon as completed.

FIRM REPLY IS GOING TO ALLIES

President Wilson Writes Answer to Premier on the Adriatic Controversy

Washington, Feb. 19.—President Wilson has completed his reply to the allied premier's note on the Adriatic controversy. It was sent to the State Department this afternoon for transmission to the allied governments.

The President's position on the Adriatic question remains unchanged. He is understood to be couched in firm language. No intimation was given as to the length of the President's reply, but it is understood that he decided and completed the note today in his study.

With regard to making public the documents in the Adriatic controversy, the President is said to favor such action, but the procedure in this event would be to cable the allies first for their permission, and it is understood this has been done. It may be several days before the notes can be made public, it is said.

658 NEW INFLUENZA CASES IN BAY STATE

Hundred and sixty-eight cases of influenza were reported in Massachusetts during the twenty-four hours ending at noon today. This was a decrease from yesterday's report of 175 cases. In the twenty-four hours ending at noon today, twenty-four cases were in Boston, 10 in New Bedford, 24 in Lawrence, 4 in Worcester, 4 in Lowell, 23 in Springfield, 1 in Malden, and 2 in Cambridge.

RECEIPTS OF COAL BY WATER AT LOW MARK

Receipts of coal by water in Boston reached the lowest figure since the fuel shortage became acute. Only one barge with coal came to the city today. The receipts of coal by water in Boston were 1,000 tons today.

BOARD HAS NO POWER OF SALE, COURT RULES

Washington, Feb. 19.—A temporary injunction restraining the Shipping Board from selling the former German passenger vessels was granted to William Randolph Hearst today by Judge Bailey in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

TO LET CABINET OUST PRESIDENT

Madden Has Bill Fixing Power in Case of Executive's Incapacity

By International News Service. Washington, Feb. 19.—The Cabinet is made the judge of the "physical, mental and moral" incapacity of the President to perform the duties of his office, and upon a majority decision by the Cabinet that there exists such incapacity on the part of the President, the Vice President shall assume charge of the presidential office, by the provisions of a bill introduced in the House today by Representative Madden of Illinois.

As the bill proposes to define the ability clause of the Constitution, and not to change the Constitution, as amended in the Constitution, it is not necessary to bring about the end of the President's term. The Cabinet meeting is to be called by the Secretary of State, under the bill, and a majority vote will decide the question of incapacity or incapacity of the President.

The bill is authorized by law to convene the Cabinet in session. It does not say that the Secretary of State will do it. In view of President Wilson's course toward Secretary Lansing and the President's established "contumacious" attitude.

Steps in Blocking Plan to Sell 30 Liners

Steps in the blocking of the proposed sale of thirty German liners captured by the United States during the war which culminated in the granting of a temporary injunction today in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia were:

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

EXPLODING CARTRIDGES HURT TWO CHILDREN

Gloucester, Feb. 19.—Frank Marchant, nine, and Charlotte Kimmence, thirteen, of Western avenue, were injured today by the explosion of cartridges with which they were playing. The children are believed to have put the cartridges on the stove. The girl lost three fingers of her left hand. The boy was wounded in the side.

MEYER JONASSON & CO.

MAINE GUIDE SAYS SOCIAL WOMAN HEARD

“Bleached Blonde” Is Called Cruelty

SEVERAL TIMES
WAS ELECTED
\$40,000

“Handsomeness” Refuses to Keep Away From Mrs. Nelson, Is Charge

Dover, N. H., Feb. 18.—(Special to the Boston American.)—Mrs. Cornelia J. Nelson, of No. 69 West 11th street, New York, wealthy sportswoman, with a reputation for her husband, handsome guide and hunter, Mrs. Nelson's guide for the past few seasons in trapping and hunting trips through the woods near Mendon, Mass., where the Nelsons maintain a palatial summer home. The guide also is Mrs. Nelson's employ at her beautiful New York home.

According to Mrs. Turrent, she has on more than one occasion taken her marital trouble to Mrs. Nelson but without result. The Nelsons, it was said, killed and hunted independently of each other with their own guides. Mrs. Turrent stated that she had pleaded in vain with her husband not to leave her during the winter to go to New York under the employ of the guide, but he remained here, she said, he kept a large photograph of Mrs. Nelson on the bureau in his sleeping room.

Mrs. Nelson's husband was formerly Mayor of Portland, New York, where the couple have a splendid beautiful summer home at No. 1224 Constant street.

SNOW UP AGAIN, ON AGAIN, IN WALTHAM

Waltham people were inconvenienced today by a “duel” between the street department and street railway employees engaged in snow removal. The street railway employees would run their snows down a street, clearing the tracks. The street department contingent would follow with scrapers, throwing the snow back between the rails. Fights and scuffles followed, street cars ran on an average of a half hour late. Women were seen waiting, and many passengers raved.

WITNESSES DISAGREE AT MURDER HEARING

Dominic Sica of Cohasset and Giuseppe Sica of Cohasset, both of whom were present at the killing of Salvatore Pappalardo on January 21, before Judge Crockett, today disagreed on the testimony of the witnesses. The Sica brothers, who were charged with the murder, were in the courtroom today. The Sica brothers, who were charged with the murder, were in the courtroom today.

PRINCETON DEGREES FOR 84 VETERANS

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 18.—Eighty-four Princeton undergraduates who served in the war were today awarded the Princeton degree. The graduates were named by the Princeton board of trustees. The graduates were named by the Princeton board of trustees.

MRS. PINKHAM TO HEAD NEW EDUCATION DRIVE

As the result of the urging of Mrs. William Tilton before the conference of the League of Women Voters at their Chicago conference, Mrs. W. O. Pinkham of Boston will lead the drive here to insert in every political platform a plank urging compulsory physical education in the schools. The drive will be held before the Legislature takes place today.

75 WINCHESTER WORKERS STRIKE

Demanding a 10 per cent wage increase, seventy-five employees of the Winchester Arms Co. today went on strike. The workers are demanding a 10 per cent wage increase. The workers are demanding a 10 per cent wage increase.

\$200,000 in banknotes fairly burst from the strange trunk!

—and started Baird on Broadway's great mystery story

UNEASY STREET

BY ARTHUR SOMERS ROCHE

With Illustrations by JAMES MONTGOMERY FLAGG

Price \$1.75

The Swiftest Moving Novel of the Year

MYSTERY—ADVENTURE—BUSINESS—LOVE

Cosmopolitan Book Corporation

“Bleached Blonde” Is Called Cruelty



Mrs. Josephine Teller Lambart, applicant for separation from British Major

New York, Feb. 18.—(Special to the Boston American.)—Mrs. Josephine Teller Lambart, applicant for separation from British Major, was in court today. The case was heard by Judge Crockett. The case was heard by Judge Crockett.

WIDOW SORBS AT FRAUD CHARGES

Dr. Magrath Tells of Post-mortem on Body of Bartlett, at Murder Trial

Shrewsbury, Mass., Feb. 18.—Dr. George R. Magrath, medical examiner of Suffolk County, Massachusetts, described at the autopsy performed on the body of Nelson W. Bartlett, today a session of the trial of John A. Burke, Bartlett's alleged slayer. The doctor testified that Bartlett was killed by a single bullet to the head. The doctor testified that Bartlett was killed by a single bullet to the head.

DEATH STORY IN S.S. BALLOT

Boston & Gloucester Company Election Dispute Before Supreme Court

The Supreme Court is to settle a disputed election of officers of the Boston & Gloucester Steamship Company today. The case was heard by the Supreme Court. The case was heard by the Supreme Court.

BRIGHTON BOWLING ALLEY IN FLAMES

Fire of undetermined origin caused \$1,000 damage today in a pool room at Brighton. The fire was caused by a gas leak. The fire was caused by a gas leak.

MAJOR WALSH HEADS IRISH BOND DRIVE

Major Thomas L. Walsh, chief of United States Senator David L. Walsh, today announced the formation of the twenty-six ward committee of the Irish bond drive. The drive will be held before the Legislature takes place today.

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DEMAND POLICE STRIKE PROPE

Former Members of Force Seek Freedom From Stigma, Rather Than Reinstatement

That the striking policemen of Boston will concentrate their efforts on the demand for a sweeping investigation of the cause of the strike and responsibility for the rioting, killing and loss of life was announced today to the legislative committee on Cities.

Captain John J. Murphy of South Boston, appearing before the committee, asked that the petition of the Rev. C. P. Donnan for reinstatement of the striking policemen be given "leave to withdraw."

After consultation with the petitioners, with representatives of the policemen and with other interested parties, the committee decided to hold the hearing on the petition of the Rev. C. P. Donnan for reinstatement of the striking policemen be given "leave to withdraw."

The men are primarily interested not in reinstatement but in clearing their names of any stigma which may attach from the strike.

The hearing then closed and an announcement was made that the committee would hold the hearing on the petition of the Rev. C. P. Donnan for reinstatement of the striking policemen be given "leave to withdraw."

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NO PLACE but Armory for 5-Baby Family

New York, Feb. 19.—“We are seven” is not the open sesame to New York apartments, especially if five of the seven happen to be children. Sidney Fishman has learned this to his sorrow.

For the past seven days Fishman sought in vain to find living quarters for himself, his wife and his little brood of five. He had no place in the city always brought the negotiations to naught, despite the fact that he was ready and willing to pay any deposit.

Finally, he was compelled to seek refuge in the army of the 23d Regiment, where he and his wife and children are now living in one of the reception rooms.

The Fishmans were given a fifty-day disposition under the hands of their apartment at 206 23d Street. One hundred and fifty-three dollars was the cost of the children in their family.

“It seems to be a crime to have children in New York,” said Fishman today. “I have plenty of money, but I cannot find a place to live for my family. I am homeless, but children are not.”

He said that he was a fifty-day disposition under the hands of their apartment at 206 23d Street. One hundred and fifty-three dollars was the cost of the children in their family.

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MORGAN HALL to be BUILT

Daivison Reported Forming World Money Trust to Boom Trade

By International News Service. London, Feb. 18.—The Pall Mall Gazette today published a report that Henry P. Daivison, of J. P. Morgan & Co., who is now in Europe, is working to establish an international money company to boom the international money market.

Mr. Daivison is said to be backed by J. P. Morgan & Co. and the international money company to boom the international money market.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that “An unexpected amount of all-world trading is expected,” and that the project is meeting with the greatest encouragement, both in Great Britain and France.

When Mr. Daivison was informed that the project was being carried out, he was said to have made his comment at all.

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100

CONCENTRATE ON IRISH BONDS

Hub and State Societies Work to Give Drive Flying Start

Held Ireland for the Irish, respect that country, put the flag of the Irish Republic on every sign, plant the lilacs and the waxes, and start the income stippling in the General fund, in the object of the Irish bond certificate drive which opens in Boston and Massachusetts Saturday and continues till February 28, is announced by the committee.

The total amount to be collected is \$25,000. Of this amount \$15,000 is to be collected in the United States, Massachusetts' quota is \$1,000. The remainder will be supplied in Ireland, where it is stated the Irish people are making good a part of the deficit.

POSTER AIDS DRIVE.—On poster 24th, showing Erin holding an Irish bond certificate in her left hand, her right hand extended a British soldier holding a bayonet against her breast, headed by the phrase "Catholics Ireland" large letters, has been prepared by the office in charge of the Irish bond certificate drive. The poster also shows a map of Ireland and is a request to "Boost the Irish bond drive, February 19-28" copies may be secured at room No. 23, American House, Boston.

Boston's Irish Friends.—Branch Thomas McDonough, friends of Irish Freedom, meets tonight in the hall of the William B. Russell school, Columbia road, at 8 o'clock, a session of the Friends of Irish Freedom will be held this evening at the Columbus Club, Pleasant street, Dorchester.

DORCHESTER LINES UP.—To devise ways and means of enlarging the services of the people of Dorchester in the Irish bond certificate drive and to complete arrangements for the mass meeting to be held in the hall of the William B. Russell school, Columbia road, at 8 o'clock, a session of the Friends of Irish Freedom will be held this evening at the Columbus Club, Pleasant street, Dorchester.

CAMBRIDGE ACTIVE.—Columbia College, Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters will have Paul Spain, a noted orator, at a meeting in the hall of the William B. Russell school, Columbia road, at 8 o'clock, a session of the Friends of Irish Freedom will be held this evening at the Columbus Club, Pleasant street, Dorchester.

PROFESSOR REES OF WILLIAMSTOWN DIES.—Williamstown, Feb. 18.—Professor Bryn Chalmers Rees, professor of English literature at Williams College since 1915, died at his home here today. He had been an instructor at the college since 1904. He was a graduate of Harvard University. He was fifty-two years of age. He leaves a wife and three children.

WANTS MILITARY MEN TO PAY FOR POLICE.—Lawrence, Feb. 18.—Mayor White plans to force the men of Lawrence to reimburse the city for the large sum expended here for police protection during the strike one year ago. The Mayor expects to raise \$100,000 in this way, which, he states, will assist in remodeling the present City Hall.

Rushworth Widow Executrix.—The will of Charles B. Rushworth of Lowell, who died December 19, 1913, has been allowed. Mrs. Abbie F. Rushworth, his widow, has been appointed executrix. The estate is valued at \$21,000.

Here's a Fine Tonic Laxative, Says Druggist.—If you want better blood, clear complexion and sparkling eyes take Celery King.

Normal bowel action, perfect work of the stomach and sweet breath follow its use. Children drink it with enjoyment.

CELERY KING
Normal bowel action, perfect work of the stomach and sweet breath follow its use. Children drink it with enjoyment.

Sinn Fein Leader Coming to Hub

Countess Georgiana Mar Kievez



COUNTRESS GEORGIANA MAR KIEVEZ

Countess Georgiana Mar Kievez, sentenced to death for her participation in the Irish rebellion in 1916, will arrive in Boston shortly to speak at a gathering of the friends of Ireland in Roxbury, according to a report in the Irish press.

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GERMANS SCENT ALLIED TRICK

Berlin Press See Concession on Trial of War Criminals as "Man Trap"

Berlin, Feb. 18.—German press comments on the Allied concession allowing trial of the alleged war criminals by the German Supreme Court caused from suspicion of a "man trap" expressed by the German press. The Vorwärts, the daily of the left, said: "The Allies are trying to catch the Germans in a trap." The Berliner Tageblatt, the daily of the right, said: "The Allies are trying to catch the Germans in a trap."

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Discover New Dodge to Smuggle Gems

New Method of Smuggling Diamonds Discovered by Customs Inspectors

New York, Feb. 18.—Two novel methods of smuggling diamonds discovered by customs inspectors who interviewed Joseph Newman, a passenger on the steamship Havensport, Newman had informed the inspectors that he had brought from Europe nothing but three diamonds, which he showed, and some furs, valued at \$300. It was then that the latter discovered seven small white diamonds, which he showed, and some furs, valued at \$300. It was then that the latter discovered seven small white diamonds, which he showed, and some furs, valued at \$300.

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Ginter Keeps Live Costs Down
A Sale Which Proves That Cash at Ginter's Gets You Purer and Best Food at Lowest Cost. 125 Food Shops, City and Suburbs, Completely Stocked

BUTTER 70c	EGGS 77c
TEAS 45c	COFFEE 43c
PEAS 22c	DOZ 2.60 Can 22c
FLOUR 12c	DOZ 2.60 Can 22c

THE GINTER CO.
125 Food Shops, City and Suburbs, Completely Stocked

EMERSON SHOE STORE
78 Summer St.
"Cor. Hanover and Court Sts."
Open Saturday Evening
"Open Every Evening"

Count that day lost
"COUNT that day lost whose low descending sun" so runs the poem. And here at Filene's we count that day lost when somebody does not tell us all the time, and ours to give better values to our customers all the time.

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Gingham house dresses, \$7.50
Billie Burke house dresses, \$4
Chambray house dresses, \$6.50

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Filene's JERSEY DRESSES
A starter on the road to economy

Misses' embroidered jersey dresses, \$22.50
Misses' "middy" jersey dresses, \$22.50
Women's jersey dresses with a new tunic, \$35
Women's jersey Russian dresses, \$20

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MAJOR GARDNER'S NAME
FOR STATE HOUSE HALL

The legislative committee on State House and libraries has reported favorably a bill to name the large auditorium in the basement of the capitol the Augustus W. Gardner Auditorium, in memory of the late Major Gardner, for years a Congressman from the Sixth Massachusetts District.

CALLS SWEETHEART FROM
ENGLAND FOR WEDDING

Clinton, Feb. 18.—A romance starting in England a few years ago was revealed here by the marriage of Miss Kate Harrison of Worcester, England, and a man who came to this country some months ago and sent for his sweetheart and she recently arrived at Little Island. The couple will live in Boston.

DIVORCE MILL
GRINDS FOR 15

Watertown Wife Charged Husband Choked Her; Gets Decree and Children

That her husband knocked her down when she refused to give him her pay envelope, that she threw a knife at her, choked her and blacked her eyes, was the testimony of Mrs. Alice Reynolds of Watertown in her suit for divorce against her husband, Patrick J. Reynolds of New Haven, Ct., before Judge Hammond in the divorce court at New Cambridge. She was given a decree nisi and was

Elephants Trying to
Capture Hunters

By Universal Service.

London, Feb. 18.—A strange story has reached here from Johannesburg, Union of South Africa, concerning the strange habits of a new herd of wild elephants recently discovered in the forests near Johannesburg. Major James Proteus, appointed by the South African government to eliminate the herd, reports that after killing a large number of the animals he is now being stalked by the remainder.

CUTICURA HEALS
SKIN TROUBLE

In Pimples On Face. Itched Could Not Help Scratching. Face Looked Badly.

"My face broke out in patches of pimples on my chin and around my hair. They would fester and itch very much and I could not help scratching them until they bled. My face looked badly all the time."

"I read a Cuticura Soap and Ointment advertisement and sent for a free sample. My face was broken out for nearly a year but after using two full-sized cakes of Cuticura Soap and one full-sized box of Ointment I was healed." (Signed) Miss Josephine Strother, R. D. 2, South Paris, Me., Aug. 4, 1919.

Try to prevent further trouble by using Cuticura for all toilet purposes. Beware of cheap imitations. "Cuticura" is the only name. Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere. Cuticura Soap without name.

DEFEND ULSTER
DELEGATES

Local Committeemen Assent Visiting Clergymen Were Official Envoys from England

The local committee has issued a statement denying allegations that the five clergymen in the Ulster delegation which has just closed a three-day visit in Boston do not represent the Protestant churches of Ireland. Thomas Milligan is chairman of the committee.

"These brethren came to America as full accredited representatives of the Irish Presbyterian church, and are recommended to the fellowship of the Presbyterian church in America," says the committee's statement. "This conclusion is signed by

the Rev. William James Lowe, D.D., clerk of the general assembly. The Methodist members carry with them a resolution adopted by the committee on public questions, rights and privileges, representative of the whole of the Methodist church in Ireland, and also have credentials from the vice-president of the Methodist conference, who is the official head of the Methodist church in Ireland. One member of the delegation is a member of the committee on public questions, rights and privileges.

The Episcopal representative carries credentials from the bishop of the diocese to all the bishops of the Episcopal church in America and is signed by the bishop, "Charles E. Drown and Connor and Dromore." The closing sentence in the letter of introduction reads: "May I ask you to be so kind as to further his work by every means in your power."

TO PUT "PEP" INTO
LAWRENCE LABORERS

Lawrence, Feb. 18.—In order that the city may get full value for the money it spends after raising the pay of city laborers, Mayor White has appointed William F. White as inspector to watch their work and put "pep" into them.

POSTPONED LECTURE AT
PUBLIC LIBRARY TONIGHT

The lecture "Albania, the Master Key to the Near East," by Christa A. Dako, postponed from February 9 on account of the weather, will be given at the Boston Public Library at 8 o'clock. The lecture will be illustrated with lantern slides. The lecture on "Venice," scheduled for February 15, is postponed on account of the illness of the lecturer, Professor Hersey.

BLISS NATIVE
HERB TABLETS

A clean healthy skin is desired by every woman. BLISS NATIVE HERB TABLETS quickly produce it. Face complexion is saved by DISORDERED STOMACH, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, DEPLETED BLOOD, RHEUMATISM. These may be corrected by taking the genuine remedy. BLISS NATIVE HERB TABLETS, each box contains 50 CARBONATE tablets and is equal to a box of any leading brand of 25 tablets. For sale at all leading druggists in boxes containing 25 or 50 tablets and a mailing list for 50c. Sent for a 5c. BLISS NATIVE HERB TABLETS, C. A. advertisement.

OUCH!! RUB PAINS
OUT WITH RELIABLE
OLD ST. JACOBS OIL

"When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or neuritis has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest 'St. Jacobs Liniment' at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right into the sore or ache, and by the time you count fifty the soreness and lameness is gone."

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating liniment takes the ache and pain right out and ends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin. Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica and lame back misery so promptly and surely. It never disappoints.

What's the
Difference Today

between a Democrat and a Republican?
Between the weight of a Fall Suit and a Spring Suit?
(Confidentially—you can hardly tell.)

Which of These Suits

do you want at this new price?
(Reduced for this sale.)

\$36.50

Kirschbaum 100% All Wool Suits Included

Let us state, however, that, while we mark down our suits every February, this year we had only 317 suits go into this sale when sale started Wednesday morning.

You know, for example, what Kirschbaum Suits usually sell for. Think of getting one now at \$36.50. But a lot of men have been waiting for this news—a lot of men have their eyes on it here this morning.

Although these suits are Fall and Winter weights, you'll have to carry scales with you to pick them from the Spring weights—only Winter woollens have run lighter than "normal" for several years.

- Worsteds Suits, reduced to.....\$36.50
- Unfinished Worsteds Suits, reduced..\$36.50
- Cassimere Suits, reduced to.....\$36.50
- Tweed Suits, reduced to.....\$36.50
- Blue Suits, reduced to.....\$36.50
- Young Men's Suits, reduced to.....\$36.50
- Conservative Suits, reduced to.....\$36.50
- Single Breasted Suits, reduced to....\$36.50
- Double Breasted Suits, reduced to....\$36.50

All sizes, from 34 to 46, when sale started, for regular and short men. Limited number of stout suits in the lot.

R.H. White Co.

Men's Clothing
Dept.
Second Floor,
Mezzanine



Summerfield's

727-737 Washington Street

THIS GREAT RED, WHITE and BLUE OPPORTUNITY
SALE HAS CAUGHT THE TOWN BY STORM

Never was there such a unique policy in merchandising adopted by any furniture house in New England. But, in line with our practical knowledge of furniture selling, we have adopted this splendid method of selling only the highest grade furniture in this FEBRUARY SALE.

Six floors and two enormous warehouses, filled from cellar to garret with splendid high-grade products of America's most famous furniture makers, are here for your inspection. Every piece of furniture in our store is plainly marked, and those bearing a White tag carry a discount of ten per cent, those bearing a Blue tag carry a discount of twenty per cent and those bearing a Red tag carry a discount of thirty per cent.

Never was furniture sold in such an open, fair manner, and the usual liberal SUMMERFIELD credit terms apply to all purchases made, if you so desire.



This Beautiful Dining Suite of the Louis XVI Period is richly finished in American Walnut. The dining table, the buffet and the china cabinet, with its grills, are very artistic.



Doll Buggies Priced 50% Lower Than Present Replacement Prices



9-Piece Mahogany Dining Room Suite—All pieces are mahogany finished and are well built. Mirrored Buffet, Extension Table, China Closet and six Chairs make up this \$168.65 suite.



3-Piece Bedroom Suite—Consisting of dresser, bed and chiffonier, all three pieces finished in golden oak. Suite as \$64.50. Illustrated. Priced only.

Summerfield's

727-737 Washington Street

MEASURES THAT WOULD CURE MOST OF THE TROUBLES AND TENDENCIES WHICH DISTRESS AND ALARM US TODAY

- (1) To nominate for the Presidency by direct nomination and to elect by popular vote.
- (2) To elect the Cabinet officers and make them responsible to Congress.
- (3) To deprive the President of the power of patronage; to put all public offices as nearly as possible under Civil Service, and have appointments made by a committee of Congress.
- (4) To elect Federal Judges, including the Supreme Court Justices, by popular vote.
- (5) To apply the Initiative, the Referendum and the Recall to national matters.

Hoover's Answer Does Not Answer the American People's Question

Mr. Herbert Hoover, candidate for the Presidency, has written Mr. Caspar Wistar Hodgson, whoever he may be, answering a lot of questions that have never been asked and a lot of accusations that have never been made.

Since Mr. Hoover has thus hurled his hat into the ring he should be willing to answer with equal gibness the questions that actually HAVE been asked and ARE being asked every day by the people of the United States, who are being urged to get ready to vote for Mr. Hoover regardless of party and regardless of platform.

Mr. Hoover, with the retiring modesty of a vaudeville scoundrel, coquettishly disclaiming any desire for publicity, says: "I do seem to get into the way of politically-minded folks even when trying to keep out of politics."

This coy and bashful pose of "trying to keep out of politics" may go in England, where the public mind is a little thicker than it is here, but we doubt if it will be very effective in America, where this has been the customary attitude of all the most ardent and eager politicians, and where the public has been fully informed of the fact that Mr. Hoover has been using the whole power of his organization for the past year to enable him as completely as possible "to GET INTO the way of politically-minded folks."

If Mr. Hoover would be advised by people who have lived in America during the past fifteen or twenty years, and who are acquainted with modern American thought, he would be more frank, more truthful, more manly with the American people, and would say straightforwardly that he is a candidate, and that he has been organizing to secure the nomination in every way within his power; and that he is a Republican or that he is a Democrat, whatever he may be; and that he believes in certain principles and policies, if he does believe in any; and that he asks for the votes of the American people on that basis and on that political program.

Mr. Hoover's second disclaimer is in regard to his ten million dollar fortune, which no one of any consequence ever asserted that he had, and which no one cares whether he has or not; there being in this country no objection to wealth if it is honestly acquired.

The question of Mr. Hoover's ten million dollar fortune, then, is wholly irrelevant and is obtruded by himself upon the situation, and then denied by himself in a way that leaves an impression of some snobbery and considerable insincerity. Mr. Hoover's own words are as follows:

I have made quite careful inquiries and I regret that so far I cannot find:

(a) The \$10,000,000 I am said to have made in my early youth, or even middle age or altogether, or any respectable part of it.

(b) The investments that I am supposed to have in Great Britain.

Like the negro porter who was asked to change ten dollars, I am grateful for the compliment. I am sorry that these sums do not exist, for they would be useful for Children's Relief.

We assume this combination of evasiveness and rather ponderous playfulness to mean that Mr. Hoover denies having ten million dollars and denies having investments in British enterprises.

The first is immaterial and the second is either disingenuous or else absolutely false, because every informed business man knows that Mr. Hoover made nearly all his money in British business enterprises; and that he lived in England on account of his British enterprises for some twelve years; and that if he has not any money invested in them now it is because he has sold out his investments on account of his American Presidential ambitions.

At the conclusion of the above quoted paragraph Mr. Hoover says:

I am sorry that these sums do not exist, as they would be useful for Children's Relief.

Does Mr. Hoover mean to imply that if he had ten millions he would give them to Children's Relief? Why not tell us what he has for that noble purpose? The Lord did not say until you have ten millions and then give to the poor. He said sell what thou hast and give to the poor. We assume that if Mr. Hoover has not ten millions, that he has five millions, or one million, and that would make quite a substantial contribution to "Children's Relief," and yet somehow we do not remember having heard of Mr. Hoover having made any million dollar personal contributions to Children's Relief!

The people of the United States contributed the money for the food and clothing and other relief that went abroad, and Mr. Hoover, in his official capacity, distributed that money and food and that clothing to men and women and children, as it was his duty to do.

He performed his duty honestly and with the success that the amount of money contributed made inevitable, and that is all. The reference by Mr. Hoover, therefore, to his private fortune in connection with children's relief does not seem to be especially good taste or at all justified by any recorded action.

Indeed we believe that Mr. Hoover does not do himself much good when he hides his politics behind "children's relief" and when he parades the women and babies whom THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES FEARED, and that the reason why HE should be President. Mr. Hoover then proceeds to say:

I have also given deep consideration to the other items mentioned. Am I a British subject? Did I ever apply for such citizenship?

It has never been asserted ANYWHERE by ANY reliable or responsible individual or newspaper that Mr. Hoover was a British SUBJECT.

Any fool knows that if he were a British subject he could not legally be a candidate for President of the United States.

And Mr. Hoover must take the people of the United States for fools when he makes such a silly and wholly disingenuous statement.

The fact which Mr. Hoover evades, but does not deny, is that he was a legal resident of Great Britain for twelve years—an expatriated American, to the extent of not living in his own country, not voting in his own country, and not paying full taxes in his own country. Mr. Hoover goes on to say:

No Californian could live three months in London climate and become a British citizen if he knew it.

The London climate might have prevented Mr. Hoover from becoming a British subject, but it did NOT prevent him from becoming a legal resident of England and spending nearly all his life there.

Here is more insincerity; for what has the London climate to do with the situation if it did not keep him away from London; and is the London climate any more indelible to British subjects than it is to British residents?

And if it was the British climate that kept Mr. Hoover from becoming a British subject, why did it not drive him back to dear old America, don't you know, where the climate is bally good, or out to jolly old California, where the climate is acknowledged wonderfully fine!

This climate bluff belongs in the same category with the publicity bluff. Mr. Hoover further says:

Also, I feel that my accent was disinfected of any English, French, Chinese, Russian, or other taints, by my presence in the United States a portion of every calendar year of my life except three.

It appears then that for three years of the twelve in which Mr. Hoover lived in England, he did not see the United States at all; but during the remainder of the time he at least visited the United States every year.

And the question naturally arises in the mind of every American who loves his country and thinks it is the best country in the world and the best place to live in the world, why, if Mr. Hoover was here in this country every year, he did not keep his legal residence in this country instead of transferring it to England?

That is to say, why, during those twelve years, with the possibility of having his legal residence either in the United States or in England, should he prefer to have it in England?

Mr. Hoover finally comes down to what appears to have been the objective of the whole letter to Mr. Caspar Wistar Hodgson. Let us give this paragraph of Mr. Hoover's disingenuous denials completely:

What about the political lunch where I was supposed to have entered upon a dreadful conspiracy against the weal of the American people? My real distress in this matter is not to prove an alibi or even to complain that my name was not even mentioned, as the guests assert, but it is that I was not even invited, and therefore lost an excellent lunch.

Of course, Mr. Hoover did not attend the luncheon. Nobody ever said he did. Nothing in the article originally published in Mr. Wanamaker's Philadelphia North American even intimated that he was present; nothing in a New York paper or in any paper that has printed the facts, suggested that he was present.

The plain facts, as stated, are that the luncheon was not given TO him, but FOR him, and probably with his knowledge and consent.

The luncheon was given by Mr. House to PROMOTE MR. HOOPER'S PRESIDENTIAL BOOM; and at the luncheon were Mr. House, Mr. Curtis, of the Saturday Evening Post and Philadelphia Inquirer, and other publications, Mr. Pulitzer, of the New York World, Mr. Cleveland Dodge, eminent Wall Street financier, financial backer of President Wilson and a director of the Phelps-Dodge Copper Company of Arizona, which company by force deported its men from their homes and left them stranded in the middle of a desert because of a threatened strike.

Finally, there was present Lord Grey, the British Ambassador to the United States.

There was only one minor error made in the Philadelphia North American's publication, and that was that the New York World was represented at this luncheon by both Mr. Pulitzer and Mr. Cobb. Mr. Pulitzer, in a written statement, printed in his own newspaper, corrected this statement and said that he alone represented the New York World; but that the other people mentioned, INCLUDING THE BRITISH AMBASSADOR, were there.

Of course Mr. Pulitzer had a perfect right to be at this luncheon; and of course the New York World has a perfect right to support Mr. Hoover, and it is only natural that it should support Mr. Hoover; because it supported Mr. Wilson for President of the United States, with his pro-British sympathies, and it is only natural that the World should pick out the same kind of a man to support for Wilson's successor.

Keep It Flying

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It is perfectly natural that Mr. Cleveland Dodge should be at the luncheon, because Mr. Dodge financed Mr. Wilson and has amply repaid himself by Mr. Wilson's favor.

And doubtless Mr. Dodge stands ready to finance Mr. Hoover if Mr. Hoover has not got that ten million dollars that he denies possession of.

It is natural, too, that Mr. Curtis should be at the luncheon, for he has always been a strong supporter of the Administration. But what everyone would like to know, and what Mr. Hoover does not answer, is why Lord Grey, the British Ambassador, was at the luncheon.

He might naturally have wished to have a pro-British gentleman President of the United States, and have another administration subservient to England for the next four years. That was his privilege as a shrewd and loyal Englishman.

But what right had he as a British Ambassador to be meddling in the politics of this country, and to be endeavoring to secure the nomination of a man on either ticket that would be friendly and useful to England?

That is what Americans do not understand, and that is what Americans resent, and that is what Mr. Hoover does not explain.

Mr. Hoover says—no, Mr. Hoover leads you to infer—that his (Hoover's) name was not mentioned at the luncheon. That is nonsense.

How does he know whether or not his name was mentioned at the luncheon, if he was not there?

The whole purpose of the luncheon was the discussion and launching of the Hoover boom; and after the luncheon the Hoover boom was LAUNCHED in the papers whose representatives were at the luncheon, and in the Wall Street district by Mr. Cleveland Dodge, and possibly among the non-union employees that Mr. Dodge controls and has not yet deported. Mr. Hoover finally says in his letter:

I gather also that it is moral turpitude on my part to

have managed large enterprises. The hope to rise from the ranks of labor to the ranks of management will, however, not be crushed from the heart of the American boy even by this onslaught.

This is bad taste and buncombe of the same kind as Mr. Hoover's reference to the "Children's Relief." And we think Mr. Hoover would do better to stand out from behind the American boy and the Belgian children and be an American man.

If Mr. Hoover should fail to get the Presidential nomination on the Republican ticket, and then fail to get it on the Democratic ticket, and even fail to get it on an independent ticket, and have to remain for the rest of his life just "The Honorable" "Erbert" "Ouver, of London, England," it certainly will NOT crush the heart of the American boy or his "hope to rise from the ranks."

But the American boy's hope to rise from the ranks is not stimulated and encouraged by finding Mr. Cleveland Dodge of the Phelps-Dodge Company, grinder of labor and repressor of the American boy's ambition to rise from the ranks, as the chief financial backer of the Hoover boom.

So we think Mr. Hoover would better write another letter, and not be so coy and coquettish, and not be so evasive and elusive, but come straight out, American man fashion, and say what he is and what he wants and what he stands for.

The American people do not want to be severe to Mr. Hoover, but they naturally want to know all the facts—especially since they have just had such a terrible experience with one pro-British President, whom they have with difficulty prevented from delivering to England nearly all the money and ships and resources that the United States has—and they do not want to make another mistake by getting another President of the same kind.

For, as Josh Billings says: Success consists not so much in never making mistakes, as in never making the same mistake twice.

Keep Tabs on World Affairs

Upon principle the women school teachers are right in their contention that no discrimination should be made against them in favor of men in wages paid for the same service. If any discrimination at all in the reward for the same service is justifiable it ought not to be along sex lines. This is the modern idea and the Boston School Committee would do well to accept it.

Indeed all our public authorities ought to charge themselves with the duty of keeping more in touch with world affairs. It is no longer possible for Americans to be sufficient unto themselves in matters relating to government and economic reforms. Once we could proudly say that we were so far ahead of the nations of the world in these respects that it was not necessary to examine the experiments of other peoples. But that day has sadly passed—we hope not for all time.

In the last generation we have been following, not leading, more progressive people who have overtaken us in the race toward better conditions of life. All our great reforms have been adaptations of successful experiments tried out in other countries and too often they have been adopted not even directly from the originating country, but have been warmed over products of a country which itself initiated the original inventing or discovering nation. Our backwardness has been due to the control which the great financial interests have exerted under the peculiar checks and balances of our Constitution, which have enabled a very small, highly organized and powerful minority to veto progress in this country desired by our majorities.

So it is that we must look beyond our borders every day if we would keep up with the times; and if we would know the progress which women have made in the march towards equality with men we must consult the annals of other countries.

As a War Holiday

The Boston Chamber of Commerce opposes the suggestion that Armistice Day ought to be made a holiday upon several grounds, namely, that another holiday will reduce the working days of the year and consequently reduce the amount of production when we are said so much to need a greater production; that our Armistice Day did not end the war and that it may be wiser to make the day the Treaty of Peace is signed a holiday if there is to be a holiday in connection with the war.

There is no doubt that just now we need to increase production, work a little harder, rather than to stop for a day. There is also a great deal to be said in favor of waiting until peace has been declared and then to fix the day of the holiday if we ought to have a holiday to celebrate the end of the war.

While the armistice stopped the slaughter and was to all practical purposes the end of the war, yet it was by no means the beginning of peace. Amity and good will does not begin until the Treaty of Peace is signed and relations are resumed between the hostile peoples. It may well be that this is the day we ought to celebrate, if any.

Inklings and Thinkings

Remember the old-fashioned practical joker who used to put coal in your Christmas stocking? He's getting out the cynicism as he thinks of what he'd be worth today if he had only held on to that coal.

Telephone bosses say poor service is caused by girls leaving to marry. In other words, operators prefer being hauled out face to face. It gives a more personal touch, as it were.